

**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO.2, AFS JODHPUR**

**SUBJECT – ENGLISH**

**CLASS- IV \_\_\_\_\_**

**NAME - \_\_\_\_\_**

**WORKSHEET - 1**

**COMPREHENSION**

Q1. Read the paragraph and answer the following questions.

Early rising means getting up early in the morning. It is a good habit. The man who rises up early can do exercises to stay healthy. He can take early morning walk. The fresh morning air refreshes both mind and body. The air in morning is full of oxygen. Less sleep is not good for our health. So it is proper to go to bed early and get up early in the morning. An early riser is cheerful and healthy.

(A) Is early rising is a good habit?

\_\_\_\_\_

(B) Give rhyming words for –

Man \_\_\_\_\_ Air \_\_\_\_\_ And \_\_\_\_\_ Morning \_\_\_\_\_

(C) \_\_\_\_\_ Sleep is not good for health?

(D) An early riser is \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_

**Grammar**

Q2 Fill in the blanks with was / were

A) The boys \_\_\_\_\_ swimming

B) He \_\_\_\_\_ working hard.

C) She \_\_\_\_\_ at home last weekend.

D) Tina and Rina \_\_\_\_\_ not there.

E) Ayush \_\_\_\_\_ absent yesterday.

F) I \_\_\_\_\_ having fun at the park.

Q3 Fill in the blanks using degrees of comparison

- A) Tiny \_\_\_\_\_ Tiniest
- B) Small smaller \_\_\_\_\_
- C) \_\_\_\_\_ larger \_\_\_\_\_
- D) Big \_\_\_\_\_ Biggest.

### Spellings

Q4. Which animal is this?

- A) I wake you up in the morning. I give you egg. \_\_\_\_\_
- B) I say meow meow. I drink milk. \_\_\_\_\_

### Creative writing

Make five sentences on the picture given below using the hints.

(Morning, Clock, Alarm, Happy, Body, Wake-up)



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**Worksheet -2**

**PROSE**

Q1 Answer the following questions

A) Who are already awake?

\_\_\_\_\_

B) Which creatures wake up in the morning before the child does?

\_\_\_\_\_

C) What is inside you that make you get up at the same time every day?

\_\_\_\_\_

Q2 Write true for correct statement and false for incorrect statement.

A) The alarm clock ring at six in the morning.

B) Neha's mother told her to sleep more.

C) There is a body clock inside us that makes us get up at the same time every morning.

**Grammar**

Q3 Write the opposite of following words.

Come \_\_\_\_\_ Day \_\_\_\_\_ Up \_\_\_\_\_ Morning \_\_\_\_\_

Q4 Fill in the blanks. Choose the correct words from the brackets.

- A) I \_\_\_\_\_ very happy. ( are / am)
- B) The book \_\_\_\_\_ on the table. ( is / am)
- C) The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ teaching. (are / is)
- D) You \_\_\_\_\_ my friends. (am / are)

### Vocabulary

Q5 Make a word chain.

Clock \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q6 Write two rhyming words for each of the following.

Day \_\_\_\_\_

Tree \_\_\_\_\_

Out \_\_\_\_\_

Head \_\_\_\_\_

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**Worksheet – 3**

**Poetry**

“Wake up ! Wake up !”

It’s a lovely day

Oh ! Please get up

And Come and play”

A) Name the poem from where the stanza has been taken?

\_\_\_\_\_

B) Who is the poet of this poem?

\_\_\_\_\_

Q2 Fill in the blanks with given words.

(Wake, Chicken, Lovely, Bee)

1) You can hear the buzzing \_\_\_\_\_

2) Wake up ! \_\_\_\_\_ up.

3) The tiniest \_\_\_\_\_.

4) It’s a \_\_\_\_\_ day.

Q3 Why is a nose important for you?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammar

Q4 Use the words in the blank to write the opposite of underlined word.

- 1) Raju is tall, but Shyam is \_\_\_\_\_. (Short , Hot)
- 2) The elephant is \_\_\_\_\_. The mouse is small. (Dry , Big)
- 3) John is happy, but his father is \_\_\_\_\_. (Happy , Sad)

Q 5 Unjumble the words.

Endors \_\_\_\_\_ elesp \_\_\_\_\_

Norming \_\_\_\_\_ roimrr \_\_\_\_\_

## Spellings

Q6 Circle the correct spelling.

Lovely                  Lavely                  Loevly

Tinist                  Tiniest                  Tineist

Q 7 Make sentences from given word.

Clock - \_\_\_\_\_

Window - \_\_\_\_\_

Smell - \_\_\_\_\_

Birds - \_\_\_\_\_

## Creative Writing

Q8 Draw a picture of morning scene.

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**Worksheet 4**

**Prose and Poetry**

Q1 Tick ( ) the correct option.

- 1) Meaning of tiniest is - (a) very big ( ) (b) very small ( )
- 2) The sound of birds are – (a) Caw – Caw ( ) (b) Chirping ( )
- 3) We smell with our – (a) nose ( ) (b) eyes ( )
- 4) Who filled Neha’s room with a warm smile – (a) The Moon ( ) (b) The Sun ( )

Q2 Write ‘ee’ or ‘ea’ in the blanks –

Sl\_\_p

Ch\_\_p

Pl\_\_se

Br\_\_the

**Grammar**

Q3 Fill in the blanks with a, an, the –

- 1) Parul has \_\_\_\_\_ new pen.
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ Sun rises in the east
- 3) He was very successful as \_\_\_\_\_ actor.
- 4) My neighbour is \_\_\_\_\_ photographer.

Q4 Match the animals with their sound :

Bird

Buzzing

Duck

Cluck

Chicken

Chirp

Bees

Quack

## Spelling

Correct the spellings of following words.

Chican \_\_\_\_\_

Aralm \_\_\_\_\_

Mather \_\_\_\_\_

Sonday \_\_\_\_\_

Merror \_\_\_\_\_

Breethe \_\_\_\_\_

## Creative Writing

Q5 Write five lines about your favorite fruit and draw the picture of it.

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**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO-II AFS JODHPUR**

**SUMMER VACATION HOMEWORK**

**WORK SHEET-I**

**SUBJECT- EVS**

**CLASS-IV**

**Q.[1] Write and label the states in a political map.**



- |                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| a) Uttar Pradesh | b) Rajasthan   |
| c) Gujarat       | d) Uttarakhand |
| e) Maharashtra   | f) Bihar       |
| g) Kerala        | h) Punjab      |

**Q.[2] Match the State with their Capital**

**States**

**Capital**

i) Maharashtra

a) Jaipur

ii) Bihar

b) Mumbai

iii) Gujarat

c) Thiruvananthapuram

iv) Rajasthan

d) Patna

v) Kerala

e) Gandhinagar

Ans: i)\_\_\_\_\_ ii)\_\_\_\_\_ iii)\_\_\_\_\_ iv)\_\_\_\_\_ v)\_\_\_\_\_

**Q. [3] Select the best option and Mark  $\surd$**

**i) You can reach school on a bullock-cart, if you have to**

(a) cross a thick forest  (b) go over rocky footpaths

(c) move through snow  (d) move through green fields

**ii) The jugad is made out of**

(a) a motorcycle  (b) planks of wood

(c) waste material  (d) All of these

**iii) The transport used for going to school in ..... makes a phut-phut-phut sound.**

(a) Uttarakhand  (b) Kerala

(c) Gujarat  (d) Northern hills

**iv) Where do you see a "Jugad"**

(a) Bengaluru  (b) Delhi

(c) Rajasthan  (d) All the above

**v) Which animal is not used as a means of transport?**

(a) Camel  (b) Elephant

(c) Cow  (d) Horse

vi) The bridges in early days were made of .....

(a) cement

(b) wood

(c) steel

(d) bricks

vii) Corporal punishment in schools should be .....

(a) strict  (b) compulsory

(c) optional  (d) banned

### Q. [4] Fill in the blanks.

( Bamboo, Kerala, Sunlight, camel cart, rocky paths, pulley, Howrah bridge, hills, valleys, jugad, stronger)

(i) A Vallam is used to reach school in some parts of .....

(ii) In parts of Assam, children reach school by crossing over ..... bridges.

(iii) Children in the mountains of Uttarakhand reach school by going on .....

(iv) In Rajasthan, children use a ..... to reach school.

(v) ..... does not pass through thick jungle.

(vi) A ..... is a vehicle used in rural areas, made by putting together parts from other vehicles or machines.





(vii) A ..... makes drawing of water from well easier.

(viii) A cement bridge is ..... than a bamboo bridge.

(ix) A bridge helps us to cross over canyons, ....., ..... and water bodies.

(x) The ..... in Kolkata is the busiest bridge in India.

**Q. [5] Match the type of bridge images in Column A with the material it is made of in Column B.**

Column A	Column B
(i) 	a) Bricks, iron rods and cement
(ii) 	b) Wood and iron rope
(iii) 	c) Iron
(iv) 	d) Bamboo and rope

Ans: i) \_\_\_\_\_ ii) \_\_\_\_\_  
iii) \_\_\_\_\_ iv) \_\_\_\_\_

**Q [6] Answers in one word or one sentence.**

i) Where is a camel-cart used for going to school?

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ii) When we go to school through a jungle, what sounds can we hear?

\_\_\_\_\_

iii) If we have to reach school by going through snow, what happens if the snow is soft?

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iv) Who will face difficulty to walk on rocky path?

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V) Which type of bridge may have steps?

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**Q [7 ] The names of some forms of transport are given below in jumbled form (in some, both words are jumbled). Write the correct name of the form of transport against each.**

i) EILCCYB \_\_\_\_\_ ii) EAMLE TARC \_\_\_\_\_

iii) EOLRTYL \_\_\_\_\_ iv) OBAMBO REIGBD \_\_\_\_\_

**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO-II AFS JODHPUR**

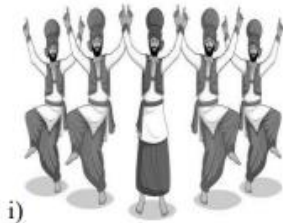
**SUMMER VACATION HOMEWORK**

**WORK SHEET-II**

**SUBJECT- EVS**

**CLASS-IV**

**Q [1] Identify these famous dances and write their name in given space–  
( Bihu, Bhangada, Garba, Lavni, Bharat Natyam)**



i)



ii)



iii)



iv)



v)



vi)

**Q [2] Choose the incorrect statement from following:**

- i) Fifty people can easily sit in a trolley. [ ]
- ii) We can go to school on a trolley if the school lies across a river.[ ]
- iii) A camel-cart is generally found in deserts. [ ]
- iv) We can ride a jugad to reach school if it lies across green fields. [ ]

- v) We cannot reach school, if we have to cross a road bridge. [ ]
- vi) We can ride a camel-cart to school through a thick forest. [ ]
- vii) It is easy to walk on snow. [ ]
- viii) In thick forest sounds of birds can be heard. [ ]
- ix) The children living in plains find it difficulties to walk on mountain. [ ]

**Q [3] Which of the following work cannot be done by a pulley?**

- (a) Helping a trolley move across a river (b) Helping a blind man cross the road
- (c) Taking out water form a well (d) Lifting bricks to a height

**Q.[4] The transport used for going to school in ..... makes a phut-phut-phut sound.**

- (a) Uttarakhand (b) Kerala (c) Gujarat (d) Northern hills

**Q.[5]Which animal is not used as a means of transport?**

- (a) Camel (b) Elephant (c) Cow (d) Horse

**Q.[6] The bridges in early days were made of .....**

- (a) cement (b) wood (c) steel (d) bricks

**Q.[7] Where do you see a "Jugad"?**

- (a) Bengaluru (b) Delhi (c) Rajasthan (d) All the above

**Q.[8] Compare the difficulties between going to school as shown in Picture 1 and Picture 2.**



**Picture 1**



**Picture 2**

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**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO-II AFS JODHPUR**

**SUMMER VACATION HOMEWORK**

**WORK SHEET-III**

**SUBJECT- EVS**

**CLASS-IV**

**Q .[1] Where is the language spoken Match the correct pair.**

- |               |              |
|---------------|--------------|
| 1 Tamil Nadu  | a) Kannada   |
| 2 Karnataka   | b) Tamil     |
| 3 Kerala      | c) Punjabi   |
| 4 Punjab      | d) Pahadi    |
| 5 Uttarakhand | e) Malayalam |

2- Ans; 1)\_\_\_\_\_ 2)\_\_\_\_\_ 3)\_\_\_\_\_ 4)\_\_\_\_\_ 5)\_\_\_\_\_

**Q.[2] Write the state name in front of the sentence.**

- (i) The state where children walk through rocky paths. ....
- (ii) The state where you are living. ....
- (iii) The state where a trolley is used by children to reach the school. ....
- (iv) The state where children use a jugad to reach the school. ....
- (v) The state where a vallam is used by children to reach the school .....  
school
- (vi) The state where camel-carts are used. ....

**Q.[3] Explain the following terms:**






- A. TROLLEY.....
- B VALLAM .....
- C JUGAD .....
- D PULLEY .....

**Q.[4] Match the followings**

<b>State</b>	<b>Capitals</b>
1) Maharashtra	a) Lucknow
2) Tamil Nadu	b) Mumbai
3) Punjab	c) Dehradun
4) Uttarakhand	d) Chandigarh
5) Uttar Pradesh	e) Chennai

Ans: 1) \_\_\_\_\_ 2) \_\_\_\_\_ 3) \_\_\_\_\_ 4) \_\_\_\_\_ 5) \_\_\_\_\_

**Q.[5] Match the following:**

i) 	a) DELHI
ii) 	b) AGRA
iii) 	c) GUJARAT
iv) 	d) HYDERABAD
v) 	e) RAJASTHAN

Ans: i) \_\_\_\_\_ ii) \_\_\_\_\_ iii) \_\_\_\_\_ iv) \_\_\_\_\_ v) \_\_\_\_\_

**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO-II AFS JODHPUR**

**SUMMER VACATION HOMEWORK**

**WORK SHEET-IV**

**SUBJECT- EVS**

**CLASS-IV**

**Q.1) Choose the correct option**

**i) Which of the following is a domestic bird -**

- a) Hen                      b) Eagle                      c) Peacock                      d) Owl






**ii) Which animal has ears like fans -**

- a) Elephant                      b) Monkey                      c) Giraffe                      d) camel

**Q.2) The donkey has ears-**

- a) Which cannot be seen                      b) on the top of it's head  
c) On the sides of it's head                      d) Both (a) and (c)

**Q.3) Smita is trying to match the following columns. Help her to do correctly.**

<b>i)</b> 	a) Elephant
<b>i</b> 	b) Rabbit
<b>iii)</b> 	c) Horse
<b>iv)</b> 	d) Mouse
<b>v)</b> 	e) Dog

Ans: i) \_\_\_\_\_ ii) \_\_\_\_\_ iii) \_\_\_\_\_ iv) \_\_\_\_\_ v) \_\_\_\_\_

**Q.4) Identify these animals and write their name.**



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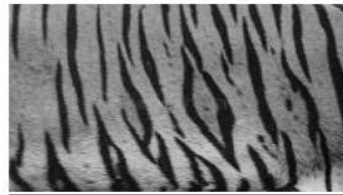


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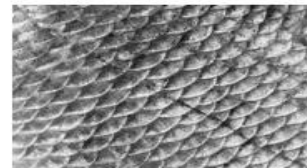
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**Q.5) Recognize the animal by their skin write their name in the space.**



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# केंद्रीय विद्यालय क्रमांक.२ वायुसेना, जोधपुर

ग्रीष्मावकाश गृह कार्य २०२३-२४

कक्षा- ४ वर्ग \_\_\_\_\_

विषय- हिंदी

नाम - \_\_\_\_\_ अनुक्रमांक (Roll No.) - \_\_\_\_\_

निर्देश - सभी प्रश्न याद अवश्य करें।

अपनी उत्तर पुस्तिका (Note book) में लिखे सभी प्रश्न-उत्तर याद करें।

अपनी हिंदी किताब के पाठ 1 से 4 तक पढ़ें।

अच्छी लिखावट ( Hand- writing ) में लिखें।

सप्ताह- 1

क) पद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

कुछ तो लगते हैं तूफ़ानी

कुछ रह-रह करते शैतानी

कुछ अपने थैलों से चुपके

झर-झर-झर बरसाते पानी

नहीं किसी की सुनते कुछ भी

ढोलक ढोल बजाते बादल।

1) यह पंक्तियाँ किस कविता से ली गई हैं?

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

2) इस कविता के कवि का नाम क्या है?

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

3) बादल अपने साथ क्या- क्या लाते हैं?

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

4) बादल ढोलक - ढोल कैसे बजाते होंगे ?

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

5) बादलों को तूफ़ानी क्यों कहा गया है ?

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

ख) निम्न शब्दों के दो- दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए।

1) आसमान - \_\_\_\_\_

2) पानी- \_\_\_\_\_

3) कमल- \_\_\_\_\_

4) बादल- \_\_\_\_\_

5) हाथी - \_\_\_\_\_

6) नदी - \_\_\_\_\_

7) मन - \_\_\_\_\_

8) संसार - \_\_\_\_\_

ग) नीचे लिखे शब्दों के सामान तुक वाले शब्द लिखिए ।

- 1) तोंद - \_\_\_\_\_ 2) हाथी - \_\_\_\_\_ 3) फुलाए - \_\_\_\_\_  
4) पंख - \_\_\_\_\_ 5) जोकर - \_\_\_\_\_

घ ) विलोम शब्द लिखिए ।

- 1) काला - \_\_\_\_\_ 2) ऊपर - \_\_\_\_\_ 3) आसमान - \_\_\_\_\_  
4) आना - \_\_\_\_\_ 5) रात - \_\_\_\_\_ 6) अच्छा - \_\_\_\_\_  
7) सुख- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) मूर्ख - \_\_\_\_\_ 9) निंदा- \_\_\_\_\_

ड.) निम्न मुहावरों के अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए ।

- 1) कलाई खुलना - \_\_\_\_\_

वाक्य- \_\_\_\_\_

- 2) छक्के छूटना - \_\_\_\_\_

वाक्य- \_\_\_\_\_

- 3) नाक - भौंह सिकोड़ना - \_\_\_\_\_

वाक्य- \_\_\_\_\_

- 4) तूती बोलना - \_\_\_\_\_

वाक्य- \_\_\_\_\_

च) नीचे लिखे गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गये प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखो ।

1) बादशाह अकबर अपने मंत्री बीरबल को बहुत पसंद करता था । बीरबल की बुद्धि के आगे बड़े - बड़ों की भी कुछ नहीं चल पाती थी । इसी कारण कुछ दरबारी बीरबल से जलते थे । वे बीरबल को मुसीबत में फँसाने के तरीके सोचते रहते थे । अकबर के खास दरबारी ख्वाजा सरा को अपनी विद्या और बुद्धि पर बहुत अभिमान था । बीरबल को तो वे अपने सामने निरा बालक और मूर्ख समझते थे ।

- 1) बादशाह अपने किस मंत्री को बहुत पसंद करता था ?

उत्तर - \_\_\_\_\_

- 2) बीरबल की किस चीज के आगे बड़े - बड़ों की कुछ नहीं चलती थी ?

उत्तर - \_\_\_\_\_

- 3) बीरबल किस बादशाह के दरबार में मंत्री था ?

उत्तर - \_\_\_\_\_

- 4) ख्वाजा सरा कौन था ?

उत्तर - \_\_\_\_\_

- 5) ख्वाजा सरा बीरबल को क्या समझता था ?

उत्तर - \_\_\_\_\_

2) किसी तालाब में एक मेढ़क रहता था । एक बार वह तालाब के पास बैठकर टर् - टर् कर रहा था । वहीं पर एक कौआ बैठा था । वह मेढ़क के पास आया और उसे पकड़ लिया। मेढ़क बोला, “भाई मेरे शरीर में कीचड़ लगा है, पहले धो लो फिर खाना ।” कौआ उसे लेकर तालाब के किनारे गया । उसे रखकर वह जैसे ही पानी लेने बढ़ा मेढ़क तुरंत तालाब में कूद गया और कौआ देखता ही रह गया ।

प्र.1 तालाब में कौन रहता था ?

उत्तर \_\_\_\_\_

प्र.2 मेढ़क कैसे बोलता है ?

उत्तर \_\_\_\_\_

प्र.3 मेढ़क के शरीर पर क्या लगा हुआ था ?

उत्तर \_\_\_\_\_

प्र.4 मेढ़क ने अपने आपको बचाने के लिए कौए से क्या कहा ?

उत्तर \_\_\_\_\_

प्र.5 ' दूर ' का विलोम शब्द लिखिए ।

उत्तर \_\_\_\_\_

छ) “मेरा प्रिय खेल” पर पांच (5) वाक्य लिखिए ।

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

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ज ) “आपकी गर्मियों की छुट्टियाँ कैसे बीती” पर दस (10) वाक्य लिखिए ।

उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

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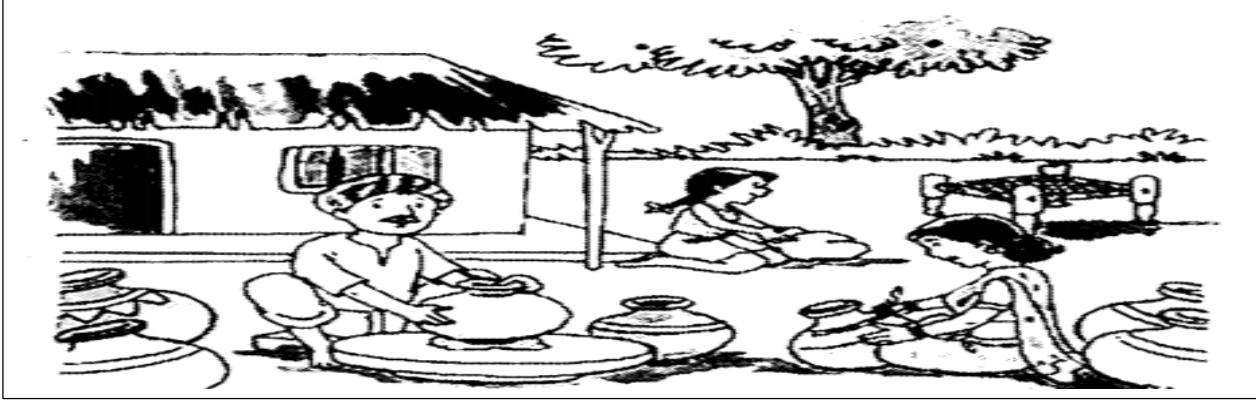
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सप्ताह- 5  
रचनात्मक लेखन

1) दिए गए चित्र को देखकर पांच वाक्य लिखिए। ( कुम्हार, मटके, औरत, लड़की, घर, पेड़ )



उत्तर- \_\_\_\_\_

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2) दिए गए चित्र को देखकर पांच वाक्य लिखिए। ( बस-स्टेशन , लोग , समाचार-पत्र , चाय ,फल , सामान )



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**KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA NO.2 AFS, JODHPUR**

**SUMMER VACATION HOMEWORK 2023-24**

**CLASS-IV**

**SUBJECT-MATHS**

Q1) Make a list of 10 things that you can measure in Meters and Centimeters.

- |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|
| i.    | _____ | _____ |
| ii.   | _____ | _____ |
| iii.  | _____ | _____ |
| iv.   | _____ | _____ |
| v.    | _____ | _____ |
| vi.   | _____ | _____ |
| vii.  | _____ | _____ |
| viii. | _____ | _____ |
| ix.   | _____ | _____ |
| x.    | _____ | _____ |

Q2) Draw any four 2D and 3D shapes and also write the difference between the both.

Q3) Measure the height of all your family members and write the difference of height between the longest and shortest family member.

Q4) Make 4 different floor pattern of your own and also colour them.

Q5) Learn and write tables up to 20.

2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

Q6) Choose any 5 objects from your home and make a table writing their height, breadth and length

Object	height	breadth	length
(i) _____	_____	_____	_____
(ii) _____	_____	_____	_____
(iii) _____	_____	_____	_____
(iv) _____	_____	_____	_____
(v) _____	_____	_____	_____

Q7) A School teacher measured the height of 4th class students. Read the height given below and answer the following questions :

Name of students	Heights (in cm)
Chinu	145 cm
Dolly	131 cm
Rinky	150 cm
Ravi	120 cm
Aju	160 cm
Sonu	126 cm

1) Who is the shortest student of the class ?

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2) Who is the tallest student of the class ?

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3) Write the names of those students whose heights are less than 135 cm?

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4) What is the difference between the height of Sonu and Rinky ?

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